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Patentanmeldung Nr. Patent application No. Demande de brevet n°

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Bezeichnung der Erfindung/Title of the invention/Titre de l'invention:  
(Falls die Bezeichnung der Erfindung nicht angegeben ist, siehe Beschreibung.  
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Receiver with concurrent multi-user electronic program guide

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AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU MC NL PT SE SK TR

## RECEIVER WITH CONCURRENT MULTI-USER ELECTRONIC PROGRAM GUIDE

### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The invention relates to digital transmissions. More particularly, it relates to a receiver for receiving programs from a transmission system, the receiver comprising electronic program guide means for browsing an electronic program guide containing information on a plurality of program channels.

It also relates to a remote device comprising input and output means for accessing an electronic program guide containing information on a plurality of program channels transmitted from a transmission system via a receiver and to a home entertainment system comprising such receiver for receiving programs from the transmission system and a plurality of such remote devices comprising display means for viewing said electronic program guide.

The invention finely relates to a multi-user method of remotely browsing an electronic program guide, to a computer program product for carrying out such method and to a signal for carrying such computer program.

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The invention applies to multimedia transmission systems. It particularly applies to digital television systems such as the DSS (Digital Satellite System) system and the DVB (Digital Video Broadcasting) system and Internet Protocol (IP) networks digital television systems and to home entertainment systems.

### BACKGROUND ART

Electronic Program Guides (EPGs) or Interactive Program Guides (IPGs) are applications, which normally run on a screen of a television set or on a set-top box, with the program guide information appearing on the screen of the television. One problem with this approach is that the guide data must either replace or overlay the program that the user is watching, thus interfering with normal program viewing. This is especially a problem when a group of people is watching the television set and only one of them (usually the one with the remote control) wants to access the program guide.

Heretofore, various systems and devices for displaying a program guide on a television screen have been proposed. The US patent number 6130726 A1 is directed to a remote control unit having a graphic display for depicting program scheduling and/or

advertising information without causing an interruption in content that is being depicted on an associated television monitor.

Although allowing watching the television set without being disturbed by the display of a program guide, this system does not allow a plurality of users to access a program guide without disturbing each other.

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#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is an object of the invention to provide a system, which yields a better quality of service by allowing a plurality of users to concurrently view a program guide on distinct display supports.

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To this end, the invention proposes:

- a receiver for receiving programs from the transmission system, the receiver comprising electronic program guide means for browsing an electronic program guide containing information on a plurality of program channels,
  - 15 - a remote device comprising user input and output means for viewing the electronic program guide via such receiver, and
  - a home entertainment system comprising such receiver and a plurality of such remote devices,
- wherein said electronic program guide means comprise a server module and at least a client module associated to each remote device, in order that upon request of any of the remote devices, the server module manages the navigation of the associated client module within the electronic program guide information.

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The architecture of the EPG is split into two distinct parts: a server module with concurrent multi-users support and one or several client modules dedicated to one or several specific types of remote devices. This advantageously allows several users (potentially distant ones) to concurrently browse an EPG whose data come from the receiver (e.g. set-top box) and to display the result with a remote device.

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#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

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The invention and additional features, which may be optionally used to implement the invention to advantage, are apparent from and will be elucidated with reference to the drawings described hereinafter, wherein:

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- Fig. 1 is a schematics for illustrating an example of a system in accordance with the invention,
- Fig. 2 is a schematics for illustrating an example of a receiver software stack in accordance with the invention.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

In digital television (TV), a user browses the list of available programs through dedicated software called an Electronic Program Guide (EPG). The software runs on a receiver, called set-top box (STB). It takes the user's inputs through the remote control and outputs its display on the TV set. Only a single user is able to browse the EPG at the same time. Moreover, when browsing the EPG, the user overloads the On Screen Display (OSD) of the TV set and disturbs the video watching experience of other people, which are in the same time in front of the TV set.

Fig. 1 shows an example of a home entertainment system in accordance with the invention allowing several users (potentially distant ones) to concurrently browse an EPG whose data come from a single receiver.

It comprises a receiver 11, e.g. a STB, for receiving programs from a transmission system, e.g. the digital TV broadcast system, a first remote device, e.g. the infra-red remote control 12 of the STB enabling to browse the EPG on the TV screen and a plurality of other remote devices capable of establishing by a wire or wireless mean a bi-directional transmission to exchange data with the receiver such as, but not limited to, a Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) 13 with Internet Protocol (IP) over Bluetooth connexion to the receiver or a Wireless Application Protocol (WAP) mobile phone 14 with a Bluetooth, Infra-Red or cellular phone protocol (GSM, GPRS or UMTS, etc.) link to the receiver and a computer 15 with network access to the receiver.

The receiver comprises electronic program guide means for browsing the EPG, which contains information on the TV program channels. All remote devices, except the remote control, should have display means and should be linked to the set-top box with bi-directional communication means (e.g. wire or wireless Bluetooth + Internet Protocol + specific client program) in order that the information of the EPG can be displayed on the remote device. The remote control 12 can still be used as usual for navigating amongst the EPG information on the TV screen. But in the same time, other users can access the EPG information and display it on their remote devices, without being disturbed by the user of the remote control and without disturbing each other. Upon request of any of the remote devices, including the remote control and all other remote devices having bi-directional links with the receiver, the electronic program guide means manages the navigation of each remote device within the electronic program guide information and displays the selected information either on the TV set screen if the request comes from the remote control or send them to the remote device if the

request comes from any other remote device, so that the latter can display them on its own screen.

This invention could also be used in a multi-STB home network, whose typical setup could be a main STB with gateway features receiving EPG information through several media (e.g. common digital television signals and / or Internet Protocol (IP) network), connected to another feature-limited STB. The gateway STB, running a server module would gather EPG data and send them in an appropriate format to the feature-limited STB, running a simple client module. Given that most of the data processing is done in the main STB, this allows using additional STBs, which can have much less powerful, thus cheaper, capabilities.

Fig. 2 illustrates the software architecture of the set-top box shown in fig. 1. It comprises an upper layer including a software stack, denoted EPG SOFT, and a lower layer including a middleware, denoted TV MIDDLE. The software stack EPG SOFT consists in the EPG program. The middleware TV MIDDLE includes all software elements needed to exploit the digital TV and to allow access between the hardware and the signals on one side and the software on the other side. The middleware realizes an interface between the signals received from the channel (cable, satellite, etc.) and/or the peripherals (remote control, PDA, internet platform, etc.) and the EPG software.

The solution to the problem of concurrently browsing the EPG from remote devices lies in the EPG architecture, which comprises two distinct parts:

- a server module, denoted EPG SERV, with concurrent multi-users support ;
- at least a client module, EPG CLIENT #k, k being the index of the client module.

A client module can run either on the STB and/or on the remote device:  
The server and the client communicate through a predefined (e.g. proprietary) EPG communication Application Program Interface (API), illustrated with opposite two pointed arrows.

A method of remotely browsing, via a receiver, an electronic program guide from remote devices is described below. On the software stack of the STB, the server module requests for the EPG information to the digital TV middleware, which sends them back when found. The EPG server module waits for any client to connect.

- When a user wants to browse the EPG from a remote device, a client module is loaded, which initiates a communication with the server module.
- The server module then creates a navigation state machine, which is in charge of managing the navigation of the client module within the EPG Information.

- Each time the user makes an input (like pressing "Page Down" key for instance to navigate down amongst a list of displayed services), the client module sends this command to the server module through the EPG communication API.
  - The server module then updates the corresponding navigation state machine of the client module and requests for the EPG information to the digital TV middleware, which sends them back when found.
- 5            - The server module then formats the EPG information so that the remote device can process it and sends the information back to the client module, which then displays them on its dedicated screen or send them to the appropriate software on the remote
- 10          device.

Given that the server module is able to manage several navigation state machines at the same time, several client modules can be loaded and active at the same time.

One client module can be a local one, i.e. which runs on the STB, and which is dedicated to the remote control for taking the remote control inputs and displaying the results (the list of services and events) on the TV set (this is the common use of an EPG on a digital receiver). It would be non-sense to load several local client modules if the STB is plugged to only one TV set. The most interesting application of this architecture is to develop special client modules, called "Proxies", whose task is to transform the EPG information content to the appropriate format dedicated to the remote devices. For example, communicating with a mobile phone having WAP facilities requires that the client module is able to format the EPG information transmitted from the STB into WML (Wireless Markup Language) format and to process the WTP requests sent by the mobile phone. The same applies in case the remote device is a computer with a network access, e.g. Internet Protocol (IP) access, except the client module has to convert the information into widely used, but not restricted to, HTML (HyperText Markup Language), XML (eXtended Markup Language) or any Markup Language format.

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The Invention has several advantages listed below. The software module EPG SOFT, which extracts the data from the middleware (which is rather complicated) needs to be written only once and can be re-used whatever type of client module is connected. This leads to easier and faster development of EPG software for heterogeneous devices since only the software part required to convert the EPG data to the dedicated device has to be rewritten instead of the whole EPG.

A shared caching mechanism can be advantageously implemented in the server module to manage the EPG information, so that the performance improvement will benefit to all connected client modules, so to all users.

The invention allows any device to browse the EPG provided that a corresponding client module, which translates and transports the EPG information, is developed.

The drawings and their description hereinbefore illustrate rather than limit the invention. It will be evident that there are numerous alternatives, which fall within the scope of the appended claims. In this respect, the following closing remarks are made. There are numerous ways of implementing functions by means of items of hardware or software, or both. In this respect, the drawings are very diagrammatic, each representing only one possible embodiment of the invention. Thus, although a drawing shows different functions as different blocks, this by no means excludes that a single item of hardware or software carries out several functions. Nor does it exclude that an assembly of items of hardware or software, or both carries out a function.

Any reference sign in a claim should not be construed as limiting the claim. Use of the verb "to comprise" and its conjugations does not exclude the presence of elements or steps other than those stated in a claim. Use of the article "a" or "an" preceding an element or step does not exclude the presence of a plurality of such elements or steps.

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Claims:

1. In a transmission system, a receiver for receiving programs from the transmission system, the receiver comprising electronic program guide means for browsing an electronic program guide containing information on a plurality of program channels, said electronic program guide means comprising a server module and at least a client module associated to a remote device, in order that upon request of the remote device, the server module manages the navigation of the associated client module within the electronic program guide information.
- 5 2. A remote device comprising input and output means for accessing an electronic program guide containing information on a plurality of program channels transmitted from a transmission system via a receiver, the receiver having electronic program guide means for browsing said electronic program guide, said electronic program guide means comprising a server module and at least a client module associated to said remote device, in order that upon request of the remote device, the server module manages the navigation of the associated client module within the electronic program guide information.
- 10 3. A remote device as claimed in claim 2, wherein said output means include display means for viewing the electronic program guide on said display means.
- 15 4. A home entertainment system comprising a receiver for receiving programs from a transmission system, the receiver comprising electronic program guide means for browsing an electronic program guide containing information on a plurality of program channels, and a plurality of remote devices comprising input and output means for accessing said electronic program guide, said electronic program guide means comprising a server module and a plurality of client modules associated to the remote devices, in order that upon request of any remote device, the server module manages the navigation of the associated client module within the electronic program guide information.
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5. In a transmission system, a method of remotely browsing an electronic program guide containing information on a plurality of program channels transmitted from a transmission system via a receiver connected to at least a remote device, the receiver having electronic program guide means for browsing said electronic program guide,  
5 said electronic program guide means comprising a server module and at least a client module associated to said remote device, the method comprising managing the navigation of the associated client module within the electronic program guide information upon request of the remote device.
  10. Computer program product for a receiver computing a set of instructions, which when loaded into the receiver, causes the receiver to carry out the method as claimed in any of the claim 3.
  7. Signal for carrying a computer program, the computer program being arranged to carry out the method as claimed in claim 3.
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Abstract.

The invention relates to a receiver comprising electronic program guide means for browsing an electronic program guide containing information on a plurality of program channels. The electronic program guide means comprise a server module and a number of client modules associated to a number of remote devices, in order that  
5 upon request of any of the remote devices, the server module manages the navigation of the associated client module within the electronic program guide information.

Fig. 1

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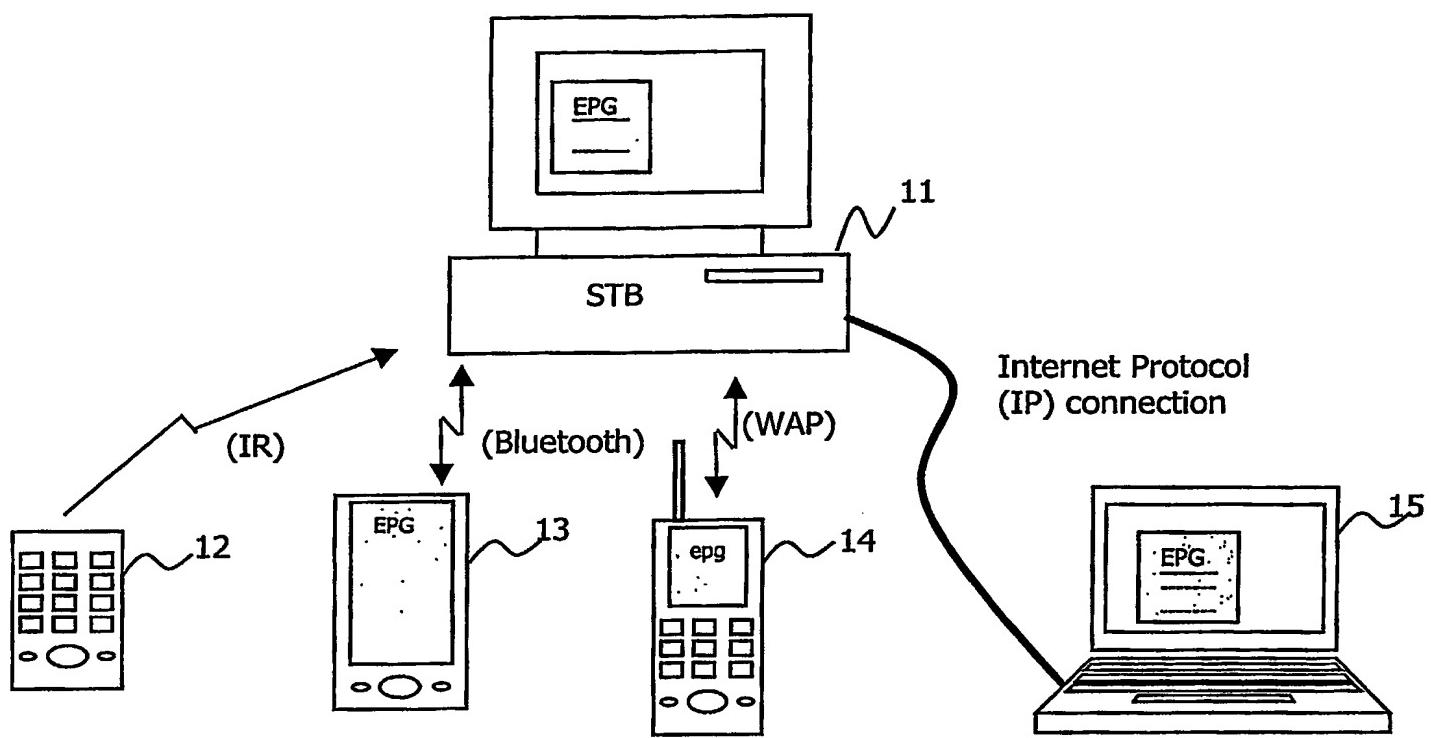


FIG. 1

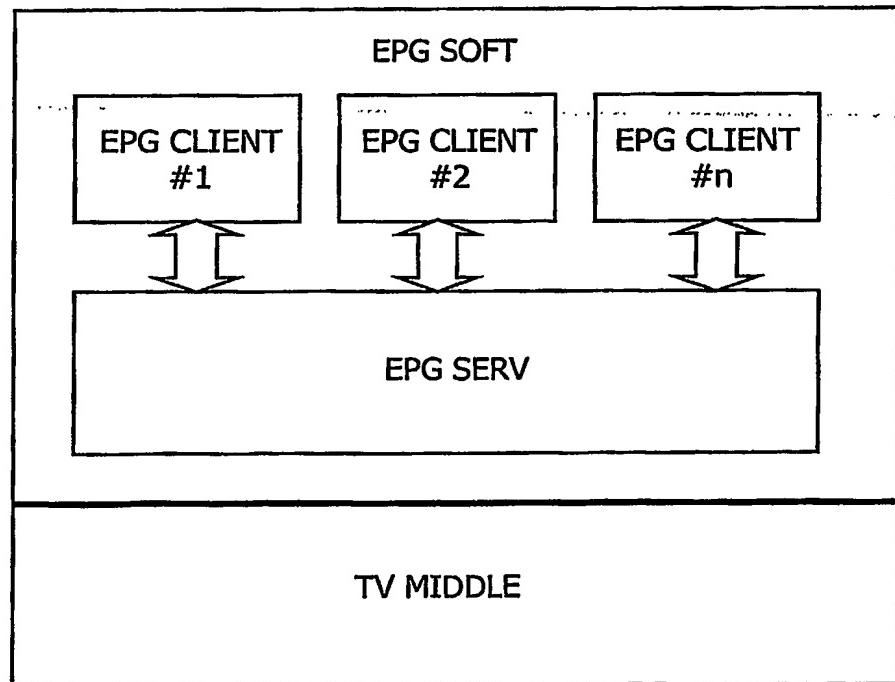


FIG. 2

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